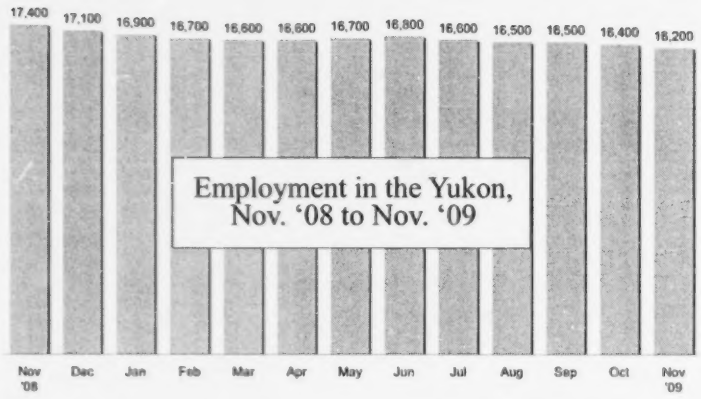
BUREAU OF STATISTICS

YUKON EMPLOYMENT

November 2009



Yukon's labour force in November '09 (17,600) decreased by 700 compared to one year earlier, November '08 (18,300). Of the November 2009 labour force figure, 16,200 were employed and 1,300, or 7.4%, were unemployed. One year ago, in November 2008, there were 18,300 individuals in the labour force of whom 17,400 were employed and 900, or 4.9%, were unemployed.

November 2009 Employment at a glance:

• Labour force:	17,600
• Employed:	16,200
• Unemployed:	1,300
• Unemployment rate:	7.4%
-Last month	*6.3%*
-One year ago	*4.9%*

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PLEASE NOTE: Due to rounding, the sum of individual Labour Force Survey characteristics at times does not equal the labour force and/or total employment figures. All figures quoted for the Yukon are three-month moving averages. For a definition of three-month moving average, please go to the list of definitions on page 12.

Figures From Across Canada—November 2009

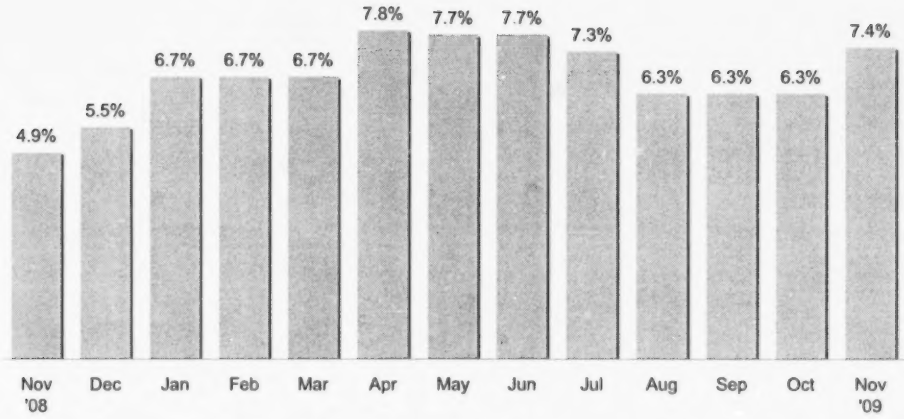
	Number Employed	Number Unemployed	Unemployment Rate
Yukon	**16,200**	**1,300**	**7.4%**
Canada	16,873,900	1,574,200	8.5%
Newfoundland & Labrador	215,300	40,600	15.9%
P.E.I.	71,000	9,400	11.7%
Nova Scotia	454,800	47,500	9.5%
New Brunswick	367,800	35,500	8.8%
Quebec	3,849,500	341,000	8.1%
Ontario	6,540,200	674,000	9.3%
Manitoba	608,600	34,300	5.3%
Saskatchewan	519,500	28,500	5.2%
Alberta	1,980,000	158,500	7.4%
B.C.	2,267,100	204,900	8.3%
N.W.T.	20,000	1,500	7.0%

This table shows that Yukon is tied with Alberta for the fourth lowest in the country in terms of the unemployment rate (7.4%). Saskatchewan's unemployment rate (5.2%) was lowest, while Newfoundland and Labrador's rate (15.9%) was highest.

Note: Nunavut's unemployment rate of 12.3% is available only as an "unadjusted" estimate and is therefore not included in this table of seasonally adjusted data.

Yukon, NWT and Nunavut figures are three-month moving averages and are therefore not included in the overall figure for Canada.

Yukon's Unemployment Rate



The unemployment rate remained relatively low through the end of 2008 and increased in the first part of 2009. In the fall of this year the unemployment dropped to 6.3% before rsing to 7.4% in November. The following changes have occurred on a month-to-month basis:

		Percentage points*
2009	• October to November	1.1
	• September to October	0.0
	• August to September	0.0
	• July to August	-1.0
	• June to July	-0.4
	• May to June	0.0
	• April to May	-0.1
	• March to April	1.1
	• February to March	0.0
	• January to February	0.0
2008	• Dec. '08 to Jan. '09	1.2
	• November to December	0.6
	• October to November	-0.1

** percentage point is the actual numerical difference between two percentages, such as: 10% - 8% = 2 percentage points.*

What is the unemployment rate, and how is it calculated?

The unemployment rate shows the relationship between the number of unemployed and the labour force. The labour force includes those individuals 15 years of age and older who are either employed or unemployed but looking for work. The higher the value of the unemployment rate, the greater the number of individuals unemployed as compared to the labour force.

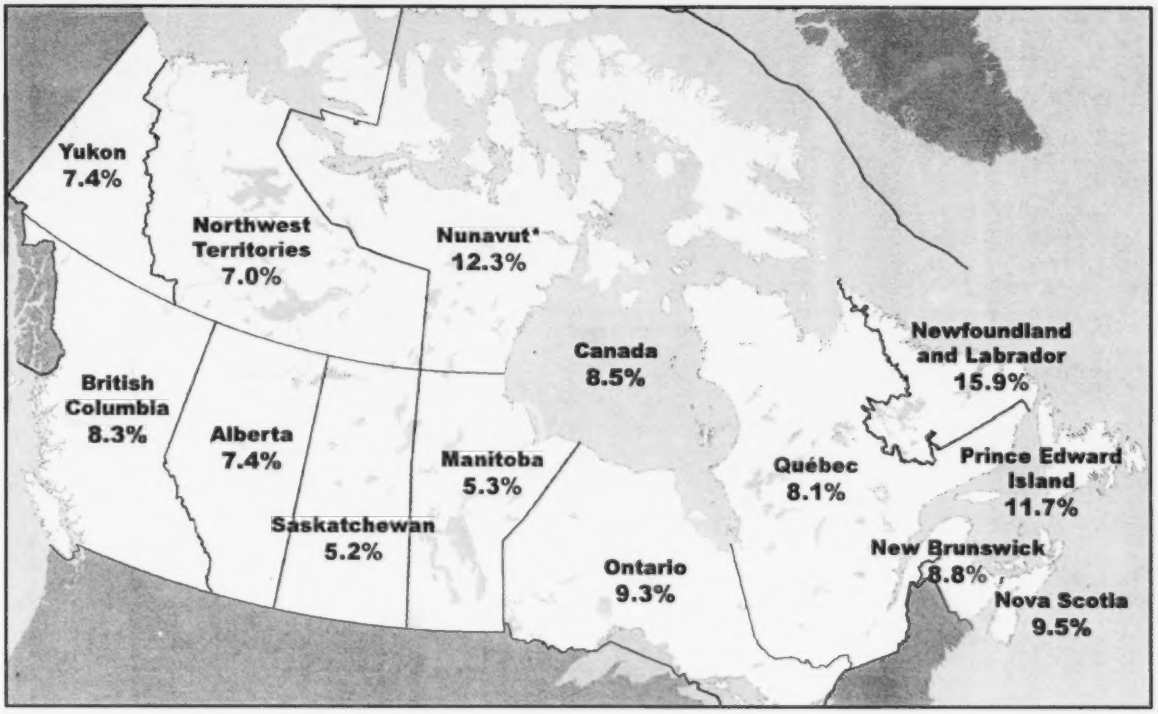
The survey that estimates the Yukon's unemployment rate, the Labour Force Survey (LFS), has undergone survey redesign so comparable data is only available back to 1995.

Over the last 15 years the average unemployment rate for November has been 8.6%.

Looking at the change in the unemployment rate between October and November in previous years, the rate has risen 6 times and fallen 9 times since 1995.

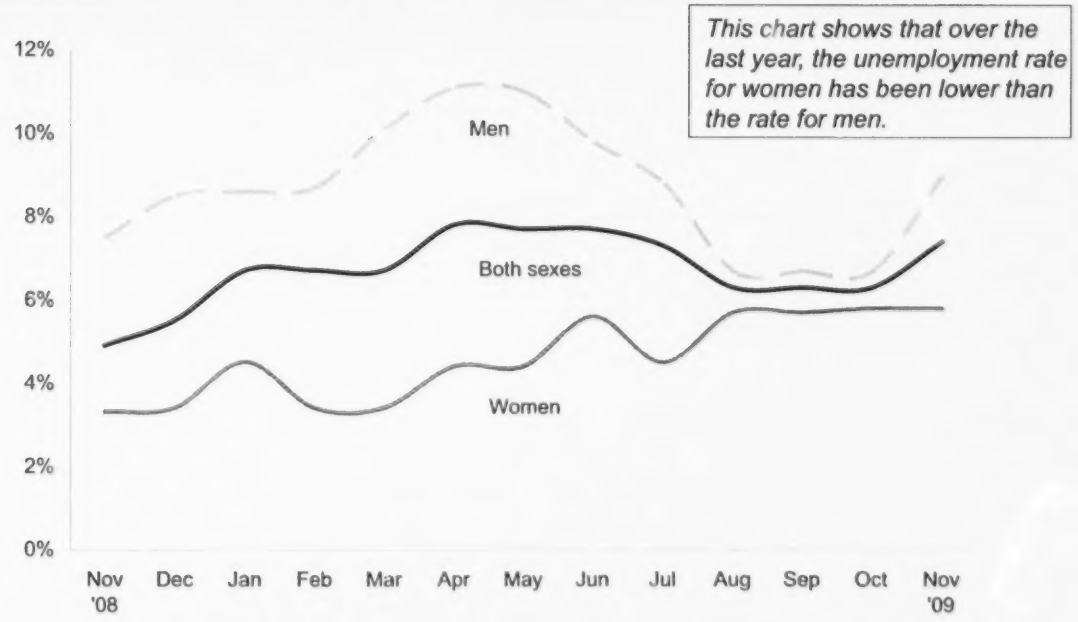
	October	November	Change
2009	6.3%	7.4%	1.1%
2008	5.0%	4.9%	-0.1%
2007	5.1%	5.7%	0.6%
2006	4.0%	3.5%	-0.5%
2005	4.6%	4.5%	-0.1%
2004	5.6%	6.1%	0.5%
2003	10.6%	9.4%	-1.2%
2002	9.5%	9.0%	-0.5%
2001	10.1%	9.4%	-0.7%
2000	10.9%	12.2%	1.3%
1999	12.9%	12.4%	-0.5%
1998	10.9%	12.1%	1.2%
1997	12.6%	12.1%	-0.5%
1996	9.7%	10.8%	1.1%
1995	10.2%	10.1%	-0.1%
Average 1995 to 2009	**8.5%**	**8.6%**	**0.1**

Unemployment rates: Canada, Provinces and Territories — November 2009



*The unemployment rate for Nunavut is NOT seasonally adjusted.

Monthly Unemployment Rates for the Yukon Labour Force Aged 15 and Over

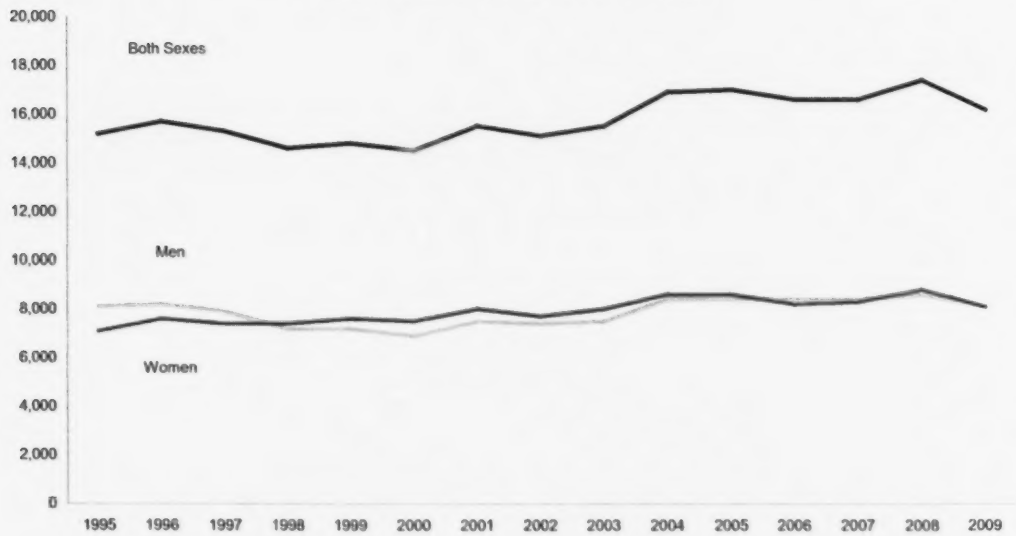


Yukon's Labour Force Aged 15 and Over Continued...

		Labour Force			Employed			Unemployed		
		Both Sexes	Men	Women	Both Sexes	Men	Women	Both Sexes	Men	Women
2009	Nov	17,600	8,900	8,600	16,200	8,100	8,100	1,300	800	500
	Oct	17,500	8,900	8,600	16,400	8,200	8,200	1,100	600	500
	Sep	17,600	9,000	8,700	16,500	8,300	8,200	1,100	600	500
	Aug	17,600	8,900	8,700	16,500	8,300	8,200	1,100	600	500
	Jul	17,900	9,100	8,800	16,600	8,300	8,400	1,300	800	400
	Jun	18,200	9,200	9,000	16,800	8,300	8,600	1,400	900	500
	May	18,100	9,100	9,100	16,700	8,000	8,700	1,400	1,000	400
	Apr	18,000	9,000	9,000	16,600	8,000	8,700	1,400	1,000	400
	Mar	17,900	9,000	8,900	16,600	8,100	8,500	1,200	900	300
	Feb	17,900	9,200	8,700	16,700	8,300	8,400	1,200	800	300
	Jan	18,000	9,300	8,800	16,900	8,500	8,400	1,200	800	400
2008	Dec	18,200	9,400	8,800	17,100	8,600	8,600	1,000	800	300
	Nov	18,300	9,300	9,000	17,400	8,600	8,800	900	700	300
2007	Nov	17,600	8,900	8,800	16,600	8,400	8,300	1,000	500	500
2006	Nov	17,200	8,900	8,300	16,600	8,400	8,200	600	500	*
2005	Nov	17,800	8,900	8,900	17,000	8,400	8,600	800	500	300
2004	Nov	18,000	9,000	9,100	16,900	8,400	8,600	1,100	600	500
2003	Nov	17,100	8,500	8,600	15,500	7,500	8,000	1,600	1,000	600
2002	Nov	16,600	8,400	8,300	15,100	7,400	7,700	1,500	1,000	500
2001	Nov	17,100	8,700	8,400	15,500	7,500	8,000	1,600	1,200	400
2000	Nov	16,400	8,300	8,200	14,500	6,900	7,500	2,000	1,300	600
1999	Nov	16,900	8,600	8,300	14,800	7,200	7,600	2,100	1,400	600
1998	Nov	16,500	8,500	8,000	14,600	7,200	7,400	2,000	1,300	600
1997	Nov	17,400	9,200	8,200	15,300	7,900	7,400	2,100	1,300	800
1996	Nov	17,600	9,300	8,300	15,700	8,200	7,600	1,900	1,100	700
1995	Nov	16,900	9,200	7,700	15,200	8,100	7,100	1,700	1,100	600
Average Nov 1995 to 2009		**17,300**	**8,800**	**8,400**	**15,800**	**7,900**	**7,900**	**1,500**	**1,000**	**500**

** Suppressed for confidentiality reasons (See explanation on page 11).*

Number of Employed for November, Aged 15 and over, 1995 to 2009

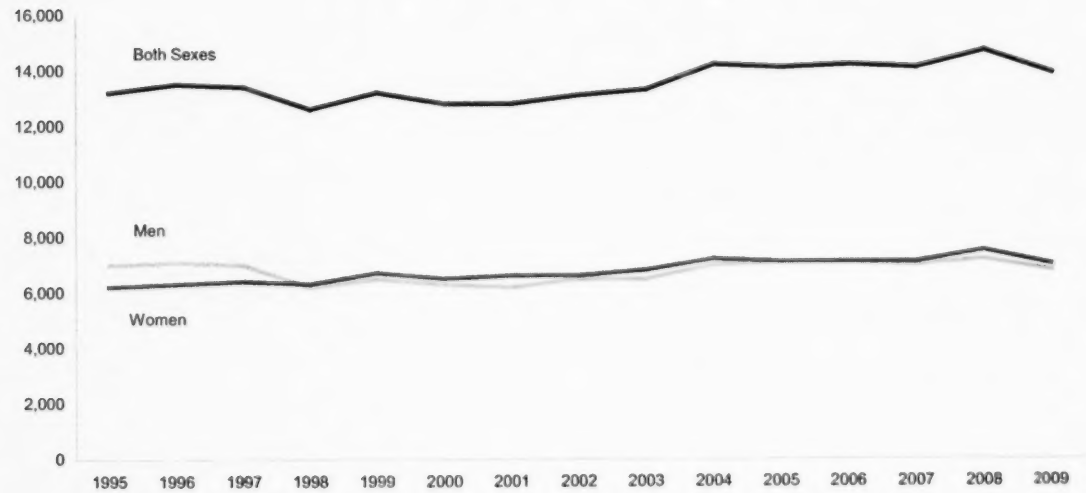


Yukon's Labour Force, Aged 25 and Over

		Labour Force			Employed			Unemployed		
		Both Sexes	Men	Women	Both Sexes	Men	Women	Both Sexes	Men	Women
2009	Nov	14,900	7,400	7,500	13,900	6,800	7,000	1,000	500	500
	Oct	14,900	7,400	7,500	14,100	6,900	7,200	800	500	400
	Sep	15,200	7,600	7,600	14,300	7,100	7,200	900	500	400
	Aug	15,100	7,500	7,600	14,300	7,100	7,200	800	400	400
	Jul	15,300	7,600	7,700	14,400	7,100	7,300	900	500	400
	Jun	15,500	7,700	7,800	14,500	7,000	7,400	1,100	700	400
	May	15,600	7,800	7,900	14,500	7,000	7,500	1,100	800	300
	Apr	15,500	7,700	7,800	14,500	6,900	7,500	1,000	700	300
	Mar	15,300	7,600	7,700	14,400	7,000	7,400	800	600	200
	Feb	15,200	7,600	7,600	14,300	7,000	7,300	800	600	200
	Jan	15,200	7,600	7,600	14,300	7,000	7,300	900	600	300
2008	Dec	15,300	7,700	7,600	14,500	7,100	7,400	900	600	200
	Nov	15,400	7,700	7,700	14,700	7,200	7,500	700	500	200
2007	Nov	14,700	7,300	7,400	14,100	7,000	7,100	600	300	300
2006	Nov	14,600	7,400	7,200	14,200	7,100	7,100	400	300	*
2005	Nov	14,600	7,300	7,200	14,100	7,100	7,100	500	300	200
2004	Nov	14,900	7,400	7,500	14,200	7,000	7,200	800	400	300
2003	Nov	14,300	7,200	7,200	13,300	6,500	6,800	1,000	600	400
2002	Nov	14,200	7,300	6,900	13,100	6,500	6,600	1,100	800	300
2001	Nov	14,100	7,100	6,900	12,800	6,200	6,600	1,300	900	400
2000	Nov	14,300	7,300	7,000	12,800	6,300	6,500	1,500	1,000	500
1999	Nov	14,700	7,600	7,100	13,200	6,500	6,700	1,500	1,100	400
1998	Nov	14,100	7,300	6,800	12,600	6,200	6,300	1,500	1,000	500
1997	Nov	14,800	7,900	7,000	13,400	7,000	6,400	1,400	900	600
1996	Nov	14,700	7,900	6,800	13,500	7,100	6,300	1,200	700	500
1995	Nov	14,400	7,800	6,600	13,200	7,000	6,200	1,200	800	400
Average Nov 1995 to 2009		**14,600**	**7,500**	**7,100**	**13,500**	**6,800**	**6,800**	**1,000**	**700**	**400**

** Suppressed for confidentiality reasons (See explanation on page 11).*

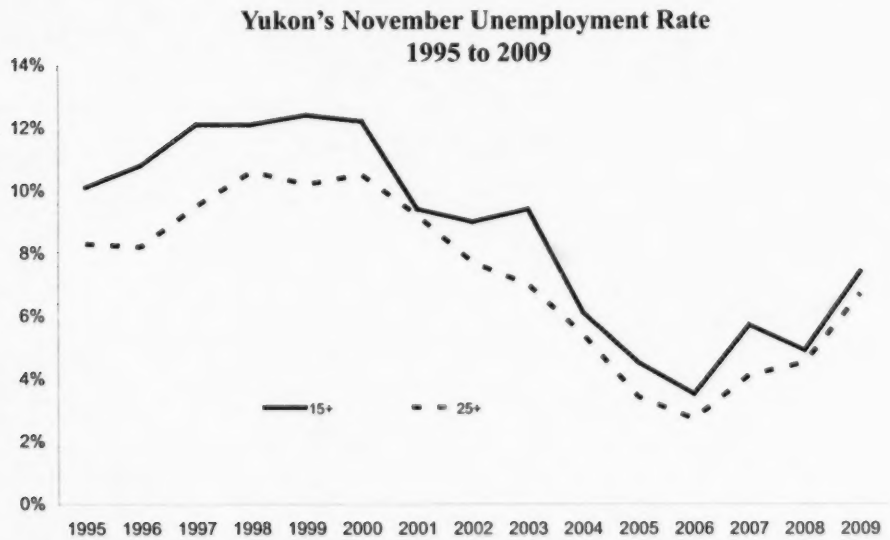
Number of Employed for November, Aged 25 and over, 1995 to 2009



Yukon's Unemployment Rate

		15 years and older Unemployment Rate (%)			25 years and older Unemployment Rate (%)		
		Both Sexes	Men	Women	Both Sexes	Men	Women
2009	Nov	7.4	9.0	5.8	6.7	6.8	6.7
	Oct	6.3	6.7	5.8	5.4	6.8	5.3
	Sep	6.3	6.7	5.7	5.9	6.6	5.3
	Aug	6.3	6.7	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.3
	Jul	7.3	8.8	4.5	5.9	6.6	5.2
	Jun	7.7	9.8	5.6	7.1	9.1	5.1
	May	7.7	11.0	4.4	7.1	10.3	3.8
	Apr	7.8	11.1	4.4	6.5	9.1	3.8
	Mar	6.7	10.0	3.4	5.2	7.9	2.6
	Feb	6.7	8.7	3.4	5.3	7.9	2.6
	Jan	6.7	8.6	4.5	5.9	7.9	3.9
2008	Dec	5.5	8.5	3.4	5.9	7.8	2.6
	Nov	4.9	7.5	3.3	4.5	6.5	2.6
2007	Nov	5.7	5.6	5.7	4.1	4.1	4.1
2006	Nov	3.5	5.6	*	2.7	4.1	*
2005	Nov	4.5	5.6	3.4	3.4	4.1	2.8
2004	Nov	6.1	6.7	5.5	5.4	5.4	4.0
2003	Nov	9.4	11.8	7.0	7.0	8.3	5.6
2002	Nov	9.0	11.9	6.0	7.7	11.0	4.3
2001	Nov	9.4	13.8	4.8	9.2	12.7	5.8
2000	Nov	12.2	15.7	7.3	10.5	13.7	7.1
1999	Nov	12.4	16.3	7.2	10.2	14.5	5.6
1998	Nov	12.1	15.3	7.5	10.6	13.7	7.4
1997	Nov	12.1	14.1	9.8	9.5	11.4	8.6
1996	Nov	10.8	11.8	8.4	8.2	8.9	7.4
1995	Nov	10.1	12.0	7.8	8.3	10.3	6.1
Average Nov 1995 to 2009		**8.6**	**10.8**	**6.4**	**7.2**	**9.0**	**5.6**

** Suppressed for confidentiality reasons (See explanation on page 11).*



Yukon's Employment - seasonally unadjusted figures

A word about "adjusted" vs. "unadjusted"
The statistics on the next 5 pages are "seasonally unadjusted," as opposed to the figures on pages 1 through 6, which are "seasonally adjusted."

"Seasonally adjusted" refers to the technique of adjusting the "raw" figures to remove seasonal movements (*see page 12 for further explanation*). As such, "seasonally adjusted" employment figures are widely used and quoted, as they are considered to be a more accurate picture of the current employment situation than the "raw" or "unadjusted" figures.

Some of the variables mentioned in the next 5 pages are available only in the "unadjusted" format, while others are available both as "adjusted" and "unadjusted." Comparisons between the "adjusted" and "unadjusted" series should not be made.

Yukon's Labour Force Characteristics (unadjusted)

		Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Not in Labour Force	Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate	Employment Rate
						%		
2009	Nov	17,600	16,300	1,400	6,700	8.0	72.4	67.1
	Oct	17,700	16,700	1,000	6,600	5.6	72.8	68.7
	Sep	18,000	17,000	1,000	6,200	5.6	74.4	70.2
	Aug	18,000	17,000	1,000	6,200	5.6	74.4	70.2
	Jul	18,200	17,000	1,200	6,000	6.6	75.2	70.2
	Jun	18,200	16,800	1,400	6,000	7.7	75.2	69.4
	May	18,000	16,500	1,400	6,200	7.8	74.7	68.5
	Apr	17,700	16,300	1,400	6,400	7.9	73.4	67.6
	Mar	17,500	16,300	1,200	6,600	6.9	72.6	67.6
	Feb	17,400	16,200	1,200	6,600	6.9	72.2	67.2
	Jan	17,500	16,300	1,200	6,500	6.9	72.9	67.9
2008	Dec	18,000	16,900	1,100	5,900	6.1	75.3	70.7
	Nov	18,300	17,400	900	5,600	4.9	76.6	72.8
2007	Nov	17,500	16,500	1,000	5,900	5.7	74.8	70.5
2006	Nov	17,100	16,500	600	6,400	3.5	72.5	69.9
2005	Nov	17,500	16,800	800	6,000	4.6	74.5	71.5
2004	Nov	17,800	16,700	1,100	5,800	6.2	75.4	70.8
2003	Nov	17,000	15,400	1,600	6,000	9.4	73.9	67.0
2002	Nov	16,500	15,100	1,500	5,600	9.1	74.7	68.3
2001	Nov	16,900	15,300	1,600	4,800	9.5	77.9	70.5
2000	Nov	16,400	14,500	1,900	5,200	11.6	75.9	67.1
1999	Nov	16,800	14,900	1,900	5,000	11.3	77.1	68.3
1998	Nov	16,300	14,500	1,800	5,500	11.0	74.8	66.5
1997	Nov	17,200	15,300	1,900	4,800	11.0	78.2	69.5
1996	Nov	17,400	15,700	1,700	4,600	9.8	79.1	71.4
1995	Nov	16,700	15,200	1,500	4,300	9.0	79.5	72.4
Average Nov 1995 to 2009		**17,100**	**15,700**	**1,400**	**5,500**	**8.3**	**75.8**	**69.6**

Note: *Due to rounding, the sum of individual LFS characteristics at times does not equal the labour force and/or total employment figures. Percentages have been adjusted on the basis of the reported unemployment rate. All figures quoted for the Yukon are three-month moving averages. For a definition of three-month moving average, please go to the list of definitions on page 12.*

Full-time and Part-time Employment

		Total Employed	Full-time	% of all employed	Part-time	% of all employed
2009	Nov	16,300	13,900	85.3%	2,400	14.7%
	Oct	16,700	14,600	87.4%	2,100	12.6%
	Sep	17,000	15,000	88.2%	2,000	11.8%
	Aug	17,000	15,100	88.8%	2,000	11.8%
	Jul	17,000	14,900	87.6%	2,100	12.4%
	Jun	16,800	14,500	86.3%	2,300	13.7%
	May	16,500	14,200	86.1%	2,300	13.9%
	Apr	16,300	13,900	85.3%	2,400	14.7%
	Mar	16,300	13,900	85.3%	2,400	14.7%
	Feb	16,200	13,700	84.6%	2,500	15.4%
	Jan	16,300	13,900	85.3%	2,400	14.7%
2008	Dec	16,900	14,600	86.4%	2,400	14.2%
	Nov	17,400	15,100	86.8%	2,300	13.2%
2007	Nov	16,500	13,600	82.4%	2,900	17.6%
2006	Nov	16,500	13,900	84.2%	2,600	15.8%
2005	Nov	16,800	13,900	82.7%	2,900	17.3%
2004	Nov	16,700	14,000	83.8%	2,700	16.2%
2003	Nov	15,400	12,900	83.8%	2,500	16.2%
2002	Nov	15,100	12,600	83.4%	2,500	16.6%
2001	Nov	15,300	12,400	81.0%	2,900	19.0%
2000	Nov	14,500	11,700	80.7%	2,800	19.3%
1999	Nov	14,900	12,200	81.9%	2,600	17.4%
1998	Nov	14,500	12,100	83.4%	2,500	17.2%
1997	Nov	15,300	12,600	82.4%	2,700	17.6%
1996	Nov	15,700	13,400	85.4%	2,300	14.6%
1995	Nov	15,200	12,700	83.6%	2,500	16.4%
Average Nov 1995 to 2009		**15,700**	**13,100**	**83.4%**	**2,600**	**16.6%**

Employment in Goods- and Service-Producing Industries

		Total Employed	Goods-Producing Industries	Service-Producing Industries
2009	Nov	16,300	2,400	13,800
	Oct	16,700	2,500	14,200
	Sep	17,000	2,800	14,200
	Aug	17,000	2,900	14,100
	Jul	17,000	2,800	14,200
	Jun	16,800	2,700	14,000
	May	16,500	2,500	14,000
	Apr	16,300	2,300	14,000
	Mar	16,300	2,400	13,800
2008	Feb	16,200	2,400	13,800
	Jan	16,300	2,400	13,900
	Dec	16,900	2,600	14,400
	Nov	17,400	2,800	14,600
2007	Nov	16,500	3,000	13,600
2006	Nov	16,500	2,400	14,100
2005	Nov	16,800	2,100	14,700
2004	Nov	16,700	2,000	14,800
2003	Nov	15,400	1,600	13,800
2002	Nov	15,100	1,900	13,100
2001	Nov	15,300	1,900	13,400
2000	Nov	14,500	1,700	12,800
1999	Nov	14,900	1,700	13,200
1998	Nov	14,500	1,900	12,700
1997	Nov	15,300	2,600	12,700
1996	Nov	15,700	2,700	13,000
1995	Nov	15,200	2,700	12,500
Average Nov 1995 to 2009		**15,700**	**2,200**	**13,500**

Public and Private Sector Employment

		Total Employed	Public Sector*	Private Sector		
			Employees	Employees	Self-Employed	Total Private Sector
2009	Nov	16,300	7,000	7,100	2,100	9,200
	Oct	16,700	7,000	7,600	2,100	9,700
	Sep	17,000	7,000	7,800	2,200	10,000
	Aug	17,000	7,100	7,800	2,100	9,900
	Jul	17,000	7,100	7,600	2,200	9,800
	Jun	16,800	7,000	7,500	2,300	9,800
	May	16,500	6,900	7,300	2,300	9,600
	Apr	16,300	7,000	7,100	2,200	9,300
	Mar	16,300	7,100	7,200	2,000	9,200
	Feb	16,200	7,000	7,200	2,000	9,200
	Jan	16,300	6,900	7,400	2,100	9,500
2008	Dec	16,900	6,900	7,900	2,200	10,100
	Nov	17,400	6,900	8,200	2,300	10,500
2007	Nov	16,500	6,300	7,800	2,500	10,300
2006	Nov	16,500	6,000	7,300	3,200	10,500
2005	Nov	16,800	6,400	7,300	3,000	10,300
2004	Nov	16,700	6,000	7,700	3,100	10,800
2003	Nov	15,400	5,700	7,200	2,500	9,700
2002	Nov	15,100	5,700	6,900	2,400	9,300
2001	Nov	15,300	6,300	6,400	2,700	9,100
2000	Nov	14,500	6,400	5,400	2,700	8,100
1999	Nov	14,900	5,800	5,900	3,100	9,000
1998	Nov	14,500	6,000	6,100	2,400	8,500
1997	Nov	15,300	5,800	7,300	2,200	9,500
1996	Nov	15,700	5,400	7,600	2,700	10,300
1995	Nov	15,200	5,100	7,100	3,000	10,100
Average Nov 1995 to 2009		**15,700**	**6,100**	**7,000**	**2,700**	**9,700**

** Includes Federal, Territorial, Municipal, and First Nation Band Office employment.*

Labour Force

		By age			By sex & age				% Change Nov. 2008 to Nov. 2009
					Men		Women		
		15+	15–24	25+	15+	25+	15+	25+	
2009	Nov	17,600	2,600	15,000	9,000	7,500	8,600	7,500	Both
	Oct	17,700	2,600	15,100	9,100	7,600	8,600	7,500	15+ -3.8%
	Sep	18,000	2,700	15,300	9,300	7,700	8,700	7,600	15-24 -3.7%
	Aug	18,000	2,800	15,200	9,300	7,600	8,800	7,500	25+ -3.8%
	Jul	18,200	2,900	15,300	9,400	7,700	8,800	7,600	
	Jun	18,200	2,700	15,500	9,200	7,800	9,000	7,700	Men
	May	18,000	2,400	15,600	9,000	7,700	9,000	7,800	15+ -3.2%
	Apr	17,700	2,300	15,400	8,700	7,600	9,000	7,800	25+ -2.6%
	Mar	17,500	2,400	15,100	8,700	7,400	8,800	7,700	
	Feb	17,400	2,500	14,900	8,800	7,400	8,600	7,500	
	Jan	17,500	2,500	15,000	8,900	7,400	8,600	7,500	Women
2008	Dec	18,000	2,700	15,300	9,200	7,700	8,800	7,700	15+ -4.4%
	Nov	18,300	2,700	15,600	9,300	7,700	9,000	7,800	25+ -3.8%

Public and Private Sector Employment

		Total Employed	Public Sector*	Private Sector		
			Employees	Employees	Self-Employed	Total Private Sector
2009	Nov	16,300	7,000	7,100	2,100	9,200
	Oct	16,700	7,000	7,600	2,100	9,700
	Sep	17,000	7,000	7,800	2,200	10,000
	Aug	17,000	7,100	7,800	2,100	9,900
	Jul	17,000	7,100	7,600	2,200	9,800
	Jun	16,800	7,000	7,500	2,300	9,800
	May	16,500	6,900	7,300	2,300	9,600
	Apr	16,300	7,000	7,100	2,200	9,300
	Mar	16,300	7,100	7,200	2,000	9,200
	Feb	16,200	7,000	7,200	2,000	9,200
	Jan	16,300	6,900	7,400	2,100	9,500
2008	Dec	16,900	6,900	7,900	2,200	10,100
	Nov	17,400	6,900	8,200	2,300	10,500
2007	Nov	16,500	6,300	7,800	2,500	10,300
2006	Nov	16,500	6,000	7,300	3,200	10,500
2005	Nov	16,800	6,400	7,300	3,000	10,300
2004	Nov	16,700	6,000	7,700	3,100	10,800
2003	Nov	15,400	5,700	7,200	2,500	9,700
2002	Nov	15,100	5,700	6,900	2,400	9,300
2001	Nov	15,300	6,300	6,400	2,700	9,100
2000	Nov	14,500	6,400	5,400	2,700	8,100
1999	Nov	14,900	5,800	5,900	3,100	9,000
1998	Nov	14,500	6,000	6,100	2,400	8,500
1997	Nov	15,300	5,800	7,300	2,200	9,500
1996	Nov	15,700	5,400	7,600	2,700	10,300
1995	Nov	15,200	5,100	7,100	3,000	10,100
Average Nov 1995 to 2009		**15,700**	**6,100**	**7,000**	**2,700**	**9,700**

** Includes Federal, Territorial, Municipal, and First Nation Band Office employment.*

Labour Force

		By age			By sex & age			
					Men		Women	
		15+	15–24	25+	15+	25+	15+	25+
2009	Nov	17,600	2,600	15,000	9,000	7,500	8,600	7,500
	Oct	17,700	2,600	15,100	9,100	7,600	8,600	7,500
	Sep	18,000	2,700	15,300	9,300	7,700	8,700	7,600
	Aug	18,000	2,800	15,200	9,300	7,600	8,800	7,500
	Jul	18,200	2,900	15,300	9,400	7,700	8,800	7,600
	Jun	18,200	2,700	15,500	9,200	7,800	9,000	7,700
	May	18,000	2,400	15,600	9,000	7,700	9,000	7,800
	Apr	17,700	2,300	15,400	8,700	7,600	9,000	7,800
	Mar	17,500	2,400	15,100	8,700	7,400	8,800	7,700
	Feb	17,400	2,500	14,900	8,800	7,400	8,600	7,500
	Jan	17,500	2,500	15,000	8,900	7,400	8,600	7,500
2008	Dec	18,000	2,700	15,300	9,200	7,700	8,800	7,700
	Nov	18,300	2,700	15,600	9,300	7,700	9,000	7,800

% Change Nov. 2008 to Nov. 2009	
Both	
15+	-3.8%
15-24	-3.7%
25+	-3.8%
Men	
15+	-3.2%
25+	-2.6%
Women	
15+	-4.4%
25+	-3.8%

Employed

		By age			By sex & age			
					Men		Women	
		15+	15–24	25+	15+	25+	15+	25+
2009	Nov	16,300	2,300	14,000	8,200	6,900	8,100	7,100
	Oct	16,700	2,400	14,300	8,500	7,200	8,200	7,200
	Sep	17,000	2,500	14,500	8,700	7,300	8,300	7,200
	Aug	17,000	2,500	14,500	8,800	7,300	8,300	7,200
	Jul	17,000	2,500	14,500	8,600	7,200	8,400	7,200
	Jun	16,800	2,400	14,400	8,300	7,000	8,500	7,300
	May	16,500	2,100	14,400	7,900	6,900	8,600	7,500
	Apr	16,300	2,000	14,300	7,700	6,800	8,600	7,500
	Mar	16,300	2,000	14,300	7,800	6,900	8,400	7,400
	Feb	16,200	2,100	14,100	7,900	6,800	8,300	7,300
	Jan	16,300	2,300	14,000	8,100	6,800	8,200	7,200
2008	Dec	16,900	2,500	14,400	8,400	7,000	8,600	7,400
	Nov	17,400	2,600	14,800	8,600	7,200	8,800	7,600

% Change Nov. 2008 to Nov. 2009	
Both	
15+	-6.3%
15-24	-11.5%
25+	-5.4%
Men	
15+	-4.7%
25+	-4.2%
Women	
15+	-8.0%
25+	-6.6%

Participation Rate

Change (% points) Nov. 2008 to Nov. 2009	
Both	
15+	-4.2
15-24	-2.3
25+	-5.0
Men	
15+	-4.4
25+	-3.6
Women	
15+	-5.1
25+	-5.3

		By age			By sex & age			
					Men		Women	
		15+	15–24	25+	15+	25+	15+	25+
		----------%			----------%			
2009	Nov	72.4	60.5	74.6	73.8	75.8	70.5	73.5
	Oct	72.8	61.9	75.1	75.2	76.8	70.5	73.5
	Sep	74.4	64.3	76.5	76.9	77.8	71.9	75.2
	Aug	74.4	65.1	76.0	76.9	76.8	72.7	74.3
	Jul	75.2	67.4	76.9	77.7	78.6	72.7	75.2
	Jun	75.2	62.8	77.9	76.0	79.6	74.4	76.2
	May	74.7	55.8	78.4	74.4	78.6	74.4	78.0
	Apr	73.4	53.5	77.8	71.9	77.6	74.4	78.0
	Mar	72.6	55.8	76.3	72.5	75.5	72.7	77.0
	Feb	72.2	58.1	75.6	73.3	76.3	71.7	75.0
	Jan	72.9	58.1	76.1	74.2	76.3	71.7	75.0
2008	Dec	75.3	62.8	78.1	76.7	79.4	73.3	77.8
	Nov	76.6	62.8	79.6	78.2	79.4	75.6	78.8

Employment Rate

		By age			By sex & age			
					Men		Women	
		15+	15–24	25+	15+	25+	15+	25+
		----------%			----------%			
2009	Nov	67.1	53.5	69.7	67.2	69.7	66.4	69.6
	Oct	68.7	57.1	71.1	70.2	72.7	67.2	70.6
	Sep	70.2	59.5	72.5	71.9	73.7	68.6	71.3
	Aug	70.2	58.1	72.5	72.7	73.7	68.6	71.3
	Jul	70.2	58.1	72.9	71.1	73.5	69.4	71.3
	Jun	69.4	55.8	72.4	68.6	71.4	70.2	72.3
	May	68.5	48.8	72.4	65.3	70.4	71.1	75.0
	Apr	67.6	46.5	72.2	63.6	69.4	71.1	75.0
	Mar	67.6	46.5	72.2	65.0	70.4	69.4	74.0
	Feb	67.2	48.8	71.6	65.8	70.1	69.2	73.0
	Jan	67.9	53.5	71.1	67.5	70.1	68.3	72.0
2008	Dec	70.7	58.1	73.5	70.0	72.2	71.7	74.7
	Nov	72.8	60.5	75.5	72.3	74.2	73.9	76.8

Change (% points) Nov. 2008 to Nov. 2009	
Both	
15+	-5.7
15-24	-7.0
25+	-5.8
Men	
15+	-5.1
25+	-4.5
Women	
15+	-7.5
25+	-7.2

Employed

		By age			By sex & age			
					Men		Women	
		15+	15–24	25+	15+	25+	15+	25+
2009	Nov	16,300	2,300	14,000	8,200	6,900	8,100	7,100
	Oct	16,700	2,400	14,300	8,500	7,200	8,200	7,200
	Sep	17,000	2,500	14,500	8,700	7,300	8,300	7,200
	Aug	17,000	2,500	14,500	8,800	7,300	8,300	7,200
	Jul	17,000	2,500	14,500	8,600	7,200	8,400	7,200
	Jun	16,800	2,400	14,400	8,300	7,000	8,500	7,300
	May	16,500	2,100	14,400	7,900	6,900	8,600	7,500
	Apr	16,300	2,000	14,300	7,700	6,800	8,600	7,500
	Mar	16,300	2,000	14,300	7,800	6,900	8,400	7,400
	Feb	16,200	2,100	14,100	7,900	6,800	8,300	7,300
	Jan	16,300	2,300	14,000	8,100	6,800	8,200	7,200
2008	Dec	16,900	2,500	14,400	8,400	7,000	8,600	7,400
	Nov	17,400	2,600	14,800	8,600	7,200	8,800	7,600

% Change Nov. 2008 to Nov. 2009	
Both	
15+	-6.3%
15-24	-11.5%
25+	-5.4%
Men	
15+	-4.7%
25+	-4.2%
Women	
15+	-8.0%
25+	-6.6%

Participation Rate

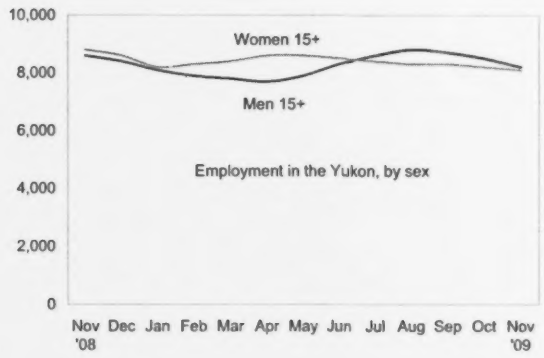
Change (% points) Nov. 2008 to Nov. 2009	
Both	
15+	-4.2
15-24	-2.3
25+	-5.0
Men	
15+	-4.4
25+	-3.6
Women	
15+	-5.1
25+	-5.3

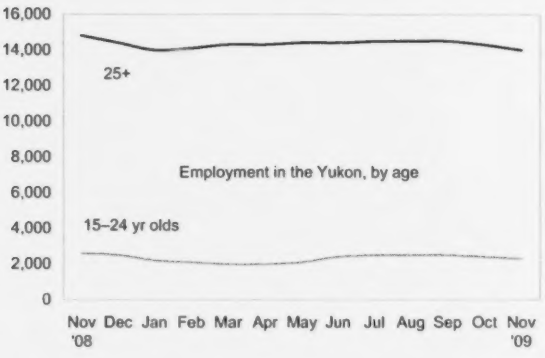
		By age			By sex & age			
					Men		Women	
		15+	15–24	25+	15+	25+	15+	25+
		----------%			----------%			
2009	Nov	72.4	60.5	74.6	73.8	75.8	70.5	73.5
	Oct	72.8	61.9	75.1	75.2	76.8	70.5	73.5
	Sep	74.4	64.3	76.5	76.9	77.8	71.9	75.2
	Aug	74.4	65.1	76.0	76.9	76.8	72.7	74.3
	Jul	75.2	67.4	76.9	77.7	78.6	72.7	75.2
	Jun	75.2	62.8	77.9	76.0	79.6	74.4	76.2
	May	74.7	55.8	78.4	74.4	78.6	74.4	78.0
	Apr	73.4	53.5	77.8	71.9	77.6	74.4	78.0
	Mar	72.6	55.8	76.3	72.5	75.5	72.7	77.0
	Feb	72.2	58.1	75.6	73.3	76.3	71.7	75.0
	Jan	72.9	58.1	76.1	74.2	76.3	71.7	75.0
2008	Dec	75.3	62.8	78.1	76.7	79.4	73.3	77.8
	Nov	76.6	62.8	79.6	78.2	79.4	75.6	78.8

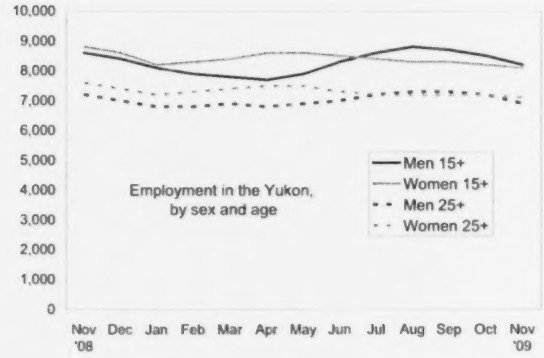
Employment Rate

		By age			By sex & age			
					Men		Women	
		15+	15–24	25+	15+	25+	15+	25+
		----------%			----------%			
2009	Nov	67.1	53.5	69.7	67.2	69.7	66.4	69.6
	Oct	68.7	57.1	71.1	70.2	72.7	67.2	70.6
	Sep	70.2	59.5	72.5	71.9	73.7	68.6	71.3
	Aug	70.2	58.1	72.5	72.7	73.7	68.6	71.3
	Jul	70.2	58.1	72.9	71.1	73.5	69.4	71.3
	Jun	69.4	55.8	72.4	68.6	71.4	70.2	72.3
	May	68.5	48.8	72.4	65.3	70.4	71.1	75.0
	Apr	67.6	46.5	72.2	63.6	69.4	71.1	75.0
	Mar	67.6	46.5	72.2	65.0	70.4	69.4	74.0
	Feb	67.2	48.8	71.6	65.8	70.1	69.2	73.0
	Jan	67.9	53.5	71.1	67.5	70.1	68.3	72.0
2008	Dec	70.7	58.1	73.5	70.0	72.2	71.7	74.7
	Nov	72.8	60.5	75.5	72.3	74.2	73.9	76.8

Change (% points) Nov. 2008 to Nov. 2009	
Both	
15+	-5.7
15-24	-7.0
25+	-5.8
Men	
15+	-5.1
25+	-4.5
Women	
15+	-7.5
25+	-7.2







Where the numbers come from

Every month Statistics Canada surveyors in each province and territory of Canada interview a representative sample of individuals 15 years of age and older. The surveyors ask these individuals if they were working, or were looking and available for work, during the "reference week" (usually the 3rd week of the month). Individuals are counted as employed if:

- *they worked for at least 1 hour during the reference week ("work" includes self-employment).*

Individuals are counted as unemployed if:

- *they were without work but had looked for work in the past 4 weeks;*
- *they had been laid off but were not looking for work because they expected to return to their original work;*
- *they were not looking for work because they had a new job starting within 4 weeks.*

If someone is neither employed nor unemployed they are then defined as not in the labour force and therefore not counted in the unemployment rate. However, they are still considered to be part of the working-age population.

The survey described above is called the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The Yukon has been included in the LFS since January 1992. However, the national rates for Canada do not include any of the territories.

The objectives of the LFS are to divide the working-age population into three mutually exclusive classifications – employed, unemployed and not in the labour force – and to provide descriptive and explanatory data on each of these categories.

The LFS is the only source of monthly estimates of total employment including the self-employed, full- and part-time employment, and unemployment. It publishes monthly standard labour market indicators such as the unemployment rate, the employment rate and the participation rate.

In the Yukon, the LFS sample is designed to represent approximately 92% of the working-age population (Yukoners 15 years of age and older). Yukoners living in unorganized areas, full-time members of the armed forces and people living in institutions are not represented in the sample.

As a "household-based" survey, the LFS counts individuals as part of the labour force in the province or territory their home is in. Therefore, if an individual is working outside of the Yukon, in the NWT for instance, but still has their home in the Yukon, they are counted in the Yukon's labour force.

***Suppression of Data**. For the Labour Force Survey in the Yukon, Statistics Canada suppresses any figure that is below 200 for confidentiality reasons, in order to ensure the confidentiality of each individual respondent to the survey. In turn, percentages (i.e. employment or unemployment rates) based on suppressed numbers will also be suppressed.*

Definitions:

1. **Employment**
   Employed persons are those who, during the reference week, did any work for pay or profit, or had a job and were absent from work.

2. **Employment rate**
   Also referred to as "employment/population ratio," it is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the population aged 15 years and over. The employment rate for a particular group (for example, women aged 25 years and over) is the number employed in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

3. **Goods-Producing Industries**
   Goods-Producing Industries (or goods sector, or goods industries): includes agriculture, other primary industries (forestry; fishing and trapping; mines, quarries and oil wells), manufacturing, construction and utilities (electric power, gas and water).

4. **Labour force**
   The labour force is the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the survey reference week, were employed or unemployed.

5. **Not in the labour force**
   Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the reference week, were unwilling or unable to offer or supply labour services under conditions existing in their labour markets; that is, they were neither employed nor unemployed.

6. **Participation rate**
   The participation rate is the total labour force expressed as a percentage of the population aged 15 years and over. The participation rate for a particular group (for example, women aged 25 years and over) is the labour force in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

7. **Reference Week**
   The reference week is the entire calendar week (from Sunday to Saturday) covered by the Labour Force Survey each month. It is usually the week containing the 15th day of the month. The interviews are conducted during the following week, called the Survey Week, and the labour force status determined is that of the reference week.

8. **Seasonal adjustment**
   Fluctuations in economic time series are caused by seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements. A seasonally adjusted series is one from which seasonal movements have been eliminated. Seasonal movements are defined as those that are caused by regular annual events such as climate, holidays, vacation periods and cycles related to crops, production and retail sales associated with Christmas and Easter. It should be noted that the seasonally adjusted series contain irregular as well as longer-term cyclical fluctuations.

9. **Self-employed**
   There are two broad categories of workers: those who work for others and those who work for themselves, namely, the self-employed. The self-employed includes working owners of incorporated businesses, working owners of unincorporated businesses and other self-employed.

10. **Service-Producing Industries**
    Service-Producing Industries (or service sector, or service industries): includes trade; transportation and warehousing; finance, insurance, real estate and leasing; professional, scientific and technical services; management, administrative and other support; educational services; health care and social assistance; information, culture and recreation; accommodation and food services; other services; and public administration.

11. **Three-Month Moving Average**
    All monthly figures for the Territories, whether seasonally adjusted or unadjusted, are three-month moving averages – for example, the March 2008 unemployment rate of 4.5% is actually an average of the unemployment rates for the months of January, February and March. April's unemployment rate will become the average of the rates for February, March and April.

12. **Unemployment**
    Unemployed persons are those who, during the reference week, were available for work and were either on temporary layoff, had looked for work in the past four weeks, or had a job to start within the next four weeks.

13. **Unemployment rate**
    The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the number unemployed in that group expressed as a percentage of the labour force for that group.

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Yukon
Executive Council Office
Bureau of Statistics

Additional Information:
Government of Yukon
Executive Council Office
Bureau of Statistics (A-8C)
Box 2703, Whitehorse, Yukon Y1A 2C6
Telephone: (867) 667-5640; Fax: (867) 393-6203
E-mail: ybsinfo@gov.yk.ca
Website: http://www.eco.gov.yk.ca/stats/